

COUNTY ADVISORY BULLETIN

CAB

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BULLETIN 2000-07

DECEMBER 2000

HOUSE BILL 712 – PAY BILL

Effective Date: December 8, 2000 (An emergency clause was included in the bill.) **Revised Code Sections Affected:** 101.27, 141.01, 141.04, 325.03, 325.04, 325.06, 325.071, 325.08, 325.09, 325.10, 325.11, 325.111, 325.12, 325.14, 325.15, 325.18, 505.24, 507.09, 1901.31, 3501.12.

Lead Sponsor: Hoops (R-Napoleon).

House Co-Sponsors: Austria (R-Beavercreek), Corbin (R-Centerville), Jolivette (R-Hamilton), Ogg (D-Sciotoville), Evans (R-Newark), Boyd (D-Cleveland Heights), Metelsky (D-Lorain), Womer Benjamin (R-Aurora), Vesper (R-New Richmond), Patton (D-Youngstown).

Senate Co-Sponsors: Harris (R-Ashland).

INTRODUCTION

On December 8, 2000, Governor Taft signed Substitute House Bill 712. This legislation provides compensation increases to county elected officials along with statewide office holders, state lawmakers, judges, boards of elections officials, and township officials.

House Bill 712 culminates more than two years of work by county elected officials in a concerted effort to obtain salary increases. Legislative leadership and other lawmakers had urged county officials to develop a reasonable compensation proposal that all associations could support as well as state lawmakers.

House Bill 712 as introduced had the support of the various associations, which was a historic accomplishment. The proposal provided for a reduction in compensation classes from 14 to 8 and annual cost of living increases indefinitely. The bill also provided that the in-term commissioner, auditor, and treasurer could receive the salary increases in January 2001, as opposed to the beginning of their next term of office, based on additional job

responsibilities. (Otherwise, the Ohio Constitution prohibits the acceptance of in-term salary increases that were not established prior to the official taking office.)

However, lawmakers made changes to the original proposal. House Bill 712 was modified to provide cost of living increases only through 2008. More important, the language enabling in-term officials to receive increases in January 2001 was removed from the bill. As a result, the in-term commissioner, auditor, and treasurer must wait until the beginning of their next term of office to receive the benefits of House Bill 712.

This CAB will explain the provisions of House Bill 712 as well as existing law regarding compensation of county elected officials. Additional CAB's will provide guidance to in-term commissioners wishing to enhance their contributions to PERS as a result of the salary increases provided in House Bill 712, even though these individuals cannot receive the raises in 2001 and 2002. Also, a future CAB will outline judicial salaries resulting from House Bill 712, though such raises will not begin until 2002 as prior law already provides raises in 2001.

GENERAL CONCEPTS OF HOUSE BILL 712 & COMPENSATION IN 2001

Reduction of Compensation Classes. House Bill 712 provides for a modernization of the county compensation schedule from 14 to 8 classes. Over the years, the legislature has recognized the similarity of job responsibilities for elected officials among counties and has seen fit to reduce the number of compensation classes.

During the development of the legislation, there was extensive consideration given to the number of classes that should be established. Some individuals argued that only 5 or 6 different classes were needed; the variation of responsibilities among counties is no longer as great as it used to be in today's era of devolution of responsibilities from the federal and state governments to local governments. However, if over half the classes were eliminated, the one-time adjustments in salaries resulting from the establishment of new classes would have been extremely high and politically unacceptable. As a result of lengthy discussions and compromises, 8 classes were selected.

In the creation of the new 8 classes, care was given so no county elected official would receive a decrease in salary. In fact, many officials would receive a substantial one-time adjustment in their salary.

The new 8 class structure goes into effect in 2001 for all individuals who take office after December 8, 2000. The in-term county commissioner, auditor, and treasurer will remain in the old 14 class compensation schedule until they begin a new term of office.

Cost of Living Annual Increases. The bill provides cost of living increases for most county elected officials beginning in 2002 through 2008. The in-term auditors and the off-year commissioners are the exception to this provision. Their salaries are explained in greater detail in their respective sections of this bulletin, which appear later in this publication.

The cost of living increases are based on the percentage increase of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) capped at 3 percent. The CPI is determined over the twelve-month period that ends on September 30th of the immediately preceding calendar year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one per cent.

Practically speaking, this means:

- 1. Cost of living increases will be less than 3 percent if the CPI is lower. But, if the CPI is more than 3 percent, the annual increase can only be 3 percent.
- 2. Annual salaries beginning in 2002 through 2008 cannot be calculated prior to October of the preceding calendar year. Since the CPI is based on the 12-month period that ends on September 30th of the immediately preceding calendar year, calculations will have to be done on a yearly basis. CCAO will prepare annual pay tables and distribute them to the counties.

If new annual salary numbers are not yet available during the time when a county is preparing its budget for the next calendar year, the county may want to budget the full 3 percent increase for salaries. This will assure adequate funds are available, and adjustments to the budget can be made later.

New Census Numbers in 2001. County compensation classes are based on the decennial census figures. The 1990 census numbers should be used until the 2000 decennial data is available.

Sometime before April 1, 2001 (probably mid- to late-March), Ohio will receive the certified results of the 2000 decennial census. While the Ohio Revised Code does not explicitly provide an effective date for the federal census numbers relative to county elected officials' compensation, Ohio Attorney General Opinion 82-047 has addressed this issue. The Attorney General Opinion specifies the new population figures are effective on the date the Governor receives the data. From that date forward, the 2000 census numbers should be used to calculate county officials' salaries.

If the new population numbers result in an elected official being eligible for a salary in a "higher" pay class, such individual can move up and receive the higher salary in-term. However, the salary in the higher class will have to be prorated for the remainder of the 2001 calendar year. An official can only receive that portion of the calendar year salary prorated from the date the Governor received the 2000 census data for the remainder of calendar year 2001.

When an individual moves to a higher class, such jump must occur within the current pay schedule the official is following. For example, the in-term commissioner, auditor and treasurer must move up in the 14 class schedule. The other elected officials are to move up within the 8 class schedule. Changes in population do not enable the in-term officials to switch to the new 8 class structure.

If the new population numbers place an elected official in a lower pay class, such official is to remain in his/her current pay class for the remainder of his/her current term of office. Ohio Revised Code Section 325.22 provides that an official's salary cannot be reduced during the remainder of his/her term of office on account of a decline in population of the county. However, upon commencement of a new term of office, such official would be paid at the lower salary to correspond with the 2000 census data.

Calculating Elected Officials Salaries on a Calendar Basis. It is important to note that the compensation of all county elected officials contained in the Revised Code is on a

calendar year basis. When a term of office is only part of a calendar year, the calendar year salary is pro-rated. (Attorney General Opinion 90-023)

OFFICEHOLDERS' COMPENSATION OVERVIEW

Commissioners (ORC 325.10 & 325.18)

As explained above, county commissioners who took office after December 8, 2000, are eligible to receive the increases of House Bill 712 in January 2001; they will receive compensation under the new 8 class schedule, as outlined in Table 1 of this bulletin.

In-term commissioners will remain in the old 14 class schedule, as provided in Table 2. These individuals will stay at this salary through their current term of office, without any increase in 2001 and 2002, unless they jump up a class due to the new census numbers. It is important to emphasize that any increases due to the new census numbers must occur within the old 14 class schedule and not the 8 class schedule.

In-term commissioners are eligible to contribute to PERS as if they were receiving the raises provided by House Bill 712 in 2001 and 2002. Ohio Revised Code Section 145.01 (Y) authorizes such contributions. A future CAB will provide further guidance on this subject and the necessary forms for the increased PERS contributions.

Auditors (ORC 325.03, 325.18 & 5731.41)

Table 3 provides the salaries for auditors in 2001 and 2002. Auditors are to receive a 3 percent increase in each of those years. This increase was provided by the previous pay bill – House Bill 408 enacted in 1996.

House Bill 712 provides for their class reduction in 2003, when their new term of office begins. At such time, auditors will receive the CPI increases, capped at 3 percent, which the other county elected officials receive in 2001 and 2002 as well as the CPI increase, capped at 3 percent, which all officials receive in 2003.

In addition to the salary provided in Table 3, auditors are to receive 8 cents per capita for each full thousand of population for the first 20,000 and 2 cents per capita for each full thousand over 20,000 not less than \$1,200 nor more than \$3,000, which is paid from the undivided estate tax fund pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 5731.41.

Clerks of Courts (325.08, 325.18 & 2303.03)

Tables 4 & 5 provide the salaries for clerks of court for 2000 and 2001, respectively. These tables show the county paid and state paid portions of their salary. The state-paid compensation, which is equal to one-eighth of their county paid compensation, compensates the clerks for serving as the clerk of the court of appeals.

The county should appropriate the amount listed under the county paid salary column. The state portion is paid directly by the state to the clerk.

In addition, clerks serving as municipal court clerks and/or county court clerks receive additional compensation. Such clerks are entitled to an additional 25 percent of county

paid compensation for serving as either the clerk of the municipal or county court, pursuant to Ohio Revised Sections 1901.031 and 1907.20.

Coroners (ORC 325.15 & 325.18)

Table 6 provides the salaries for all coroners in counties with 175,000 or less in population or those coroners in the larger counties who have chosen to maintain a private medical practice. Table 7 shows the salaries for coroners in counties with a population of more than 175,000 who do not have a private medicine practice, who thereby receive higher compensation.

Section 325.15 also provides the process for a coroner to select compensation under the pay schedule for "Coroners Without a Private Practice." A coroner in a county with a population of 175,001 or more must elect to engage or not to engage in the private practice of medicine before the commencement of each new term office. A coroner in such a county who engages in the private practice of medicine but who intends not to engage in the private practice of medicine during the coroner's next term of office must notify the board of county commissioners before taking office again.

Engineers (ORC 325.14 & 325.18)

Table 8 shows the salaries for engineers who maintain a private practice. Table 9 gives the salaries for engineers without a private practice, who thereby receive higher compensation.

A county engineer may elect to engage or not to engage in the private practice of engineering or surveying before the commencement of each new term of office. A county engineer who elects not to engage in the private practice of engineering or surveying may, for a period of six months after taking office engage in the private practice of engineering or surveying for the purpose of concluding the affairs of private practice without any diminution of salary as provided later in this bulletin.

In addition to the salary prescribed by Tables 8 & 9 of this bulletin, a county engineer may also receive compensation when he/she performs service as the county sanitary engineer. Plus, House Bill 549, which will become effective March 12, 2001, will also enable county engineers to receive additional compensation if they are selected as the county drainage engineer. (ORC 315.12 and 6117.01)

Prosecuting Attorneys (ORC 325.11 & 325.18)

Table 10 provides the salaries of prosecutors who have a private practice. Tables 11 and 12 show the salaries for prosecutors without a private practice, who thereby receive higher compensation, for calendar years 2000 and 2001, respectively.

Tables 11 and 12 show that counties with 70,000 or less in population receive partial reimbursement from the state if the prosecutor does not have a private practice. The state is to reimburse counties 40 percent of the difference between the "without a private practice" and "with a private practice" entitlement each year. In addition, the state is to pay its relative share of employer PERS contributions and employer Medicare Part A contributions. However, reimbursement is conditional upon adequate state appropriations

being made for this purpose. This "condition" of adequate state funding being appropriated was a provision added to House Bill 712 when changes were made to the bill in the Ohio House Finance Committee. As a result, counties will be responsible for a portion of the state's share if the General Assembly did not appropriate adequate funds for the prosecuting attorneys compensation.

House Bill 712 also changes the state reimbursement schedule. The state, through the Attorney General, is to reimburse counties no later than March 15th and September 15th each year. Prior to House Bill 712, reimbursements were paid in equal monthly installments. Counties are to appropriate the total salary for prosecutors without a private practice, since they will be reimbursed by the state.

A prosecuting attorney may elect to engage or not to engage in the private practice of law before the commencement of each new term of office. A prosecuting attorney is not to engage in the private practice of law unless before taking office the prosecuting attorney notifies the board of county commissioners of the intention to engage in the private practice of law. In addition, a prosecuting attorney who engages in the private practice of law who intends not to engage in the private practice of law during the prosecuting attorney's next term of office must so notify the board of county commissioners. A prosecuting attorney who elects not to engage in the private practice of law may, for a period of six months after taking office, engage in the private practice of law for the purpose of concluding the affairs of private practice of law without any diminution of salary as provided in the tables of this bulletin.

Recorders (ORC 325.09 & 325.18)

Table 13 provides the recorders salaries for calendar years 2000 and 2001.

Sheriffs (ORC 325.06 & 325.18)

Table 14 and 15 reveal the sheriffs salaries for calender year 2000 and 2001, respectively. Counties are reimbursed by the state for one-eighth of the county-paid portion of the sheriffs' salaries. In addition, the state is to pay its relative share of employer PERS contributions and employer Medicare Part A contributions. Just like the prosecutors' section, the state payment is conditional upon adequate appropriations being made. However, unlike the prosecutors' section, sheriffs will only receive the additional compensation if "adequate funds have been appropriated by the General Assembly"; the county is not on the hook to make up the state's share if the General Assembly did not appropriate enough money.

House Bill 712 changed the state reimbursement schedule. The state, through the Attorney General, is to reimburse the counties no later than March 15th and September 15th each year. Prior to House Bill 712, reimbursements were to be paid no later than 15th of March, June, September, and December. Counties are to appropriate the total salary for sheriffs, since counties will be reimbursed by the state.

Treasurers (ORC 325.04 & 325.18)

Table 16 provides the treasurers salaries for calender years 2000 and 2001.

The 2000 salary is to be paid until a new term of office begins on September 3, 2001; however, an individual appointed to this office after December 8, 2000, can accept the higher salary provided in the 2001 Calendar Year table. The 2001 Calendar Year schedule should be pro-rated for the remainder of the year, as will be the case for most treasurers beginning their new term of office on September 3, 2001.

APPROPRIATIONS TO FURTHERANCE OF JUSTICE FUNDS (FOJ)

Sheriffs' FOJ Fund (ORC 325.071)

The Sheriff's FOJ Fund must be appropriated at the rate of 50% of the total salary of the sheriff, including the one-eight state reimbursed portion of the salary.

Prosecutors' FOJ Fund (ORC 325.12)

Appropriations to the Prosecutors' FOJ Fund is at rate of 50% of the total salary the prosecutor receives irrespective of which payment option the prosecutor selects in counties over 70,000 population. In counties where the population is 70,000 or less, appropriations to the FOJ Fund is at the rate of 50% of the compensation provided in the pay schedule "with private practice." In these counties, even if the prosecutor is being paid under the "without private practice" schedule, appropriations to the FOJ Fund are still on the basis of the "with private practice" pay schedule.

Questions about this bulletin may be directed to Cheryl Subler, CCAO Senior Policy Analyst, at csubler@ccao.org or at CCAO's toll free number 1-888-757-1904.

Table 1
Commissioners

2 commissioners taking office in 2001 & individuals appointed after December 8, 2000, to fill the remainder of a term of office

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$28,006
2 20,001-40,000	30,932
3 40,001-55,000	33,858
4 55,001-70,000	36,784
5 70,001-85,000	39,710
6 85,001-95,000	43,890
7 95,001-105,000	45,980
8 105,001-125,000	48,070
9 125,001-175,000	51,205
10 175,001-275,000	54,340
11 275,001-400,000	59,565
12 400,001-550,000	63,745
13 550,001-1 million	67,925
14 over 1 million	72,105

New 2001 Class Number	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year Salary
1	1-20,000	\$31,860
2	20,001-35,000	34,874
3	35,001-55,000	37,888
4	55,001-95,000	47,359
5	95,001-200,000	55,970
6	200,001-400,000	65,656
7	400,001-1 million	74,269
8	over 1 million	78,874

Table 2
Commissioners

off-year commissioners taking office in 2003 unless individuals were appointed after December 8, 2000, to fill the remainder of a term of office

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary	2001 Calendar Year Salary	2002 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$28,006	\$28,006	\$28,006
2 20,001-40,000	30,932	30,932	30,932
3 40,001-55,000	33,858	33,858	33,858
4 55,001-70,000	36,784	36,784	36,784
5 70,001-85,000	39,710	39,710	39,710
6 85,001-95,000	43,890	43,890	43,890
7 95,001-105,000	45,980	45,980	45,980
8 105,001-125,000	48,070	48,070	48,070
9 125,001-175,000	51,205	51,205	51,205
10 175,001-275,000	54,340	54,340	54,340
11 275,001-400,000	59,565	59,565	59,565
12 400,001-550,000	63,745	63,745	63,745
13 550,001-1 million	67,925	67,925	67,925
14 over 1 million	72,105	72,105	72,105

Table 3
Auditors*

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary	2001 Calendar Year Salary	2002 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$39,368	\$40,549	\$41,765
2 20,001-40,000	41,706	42,957	44,246
3 40,001-55,000	43,911	45,228	46,585
4 55,001-70,000	45,376	46,737	48,139
5 70,001-85,000	46,876	48,282	49,731
6 85,001-95,000	51,801	53,356	54,957
7 95,001-105,000	53,383	54,983	56,633
8 105,001-125,000	54,927	56,575	58,272
9 125,001-175,000	57,950	59,690	61,480
10 175,001-275,000	59,911	61,708	63,560
11 275,001-400,000	65,004	66,953	68,962
12 400,001-550,000	67,213	69,229	71,306
13 550,001-1 million	69,267	71,345	73,485
14 over 1 million	71,225	73,362	75,563

^{*}Auditors also receive 8 cents per capita for each full thousand of population for the first 20,000 and 2 cents per capita for each full thousand over 20,000 not less than \$1,200 nor more than \$3,000, which is paid from the undivided estate tax fund pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 5731.41

Table 4 **Clerks of Courts***

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year County Paid Salary**	2000 Calendar Year State Paid Salary***	2000 Calendar Year Total Salary
1 1-20,000	\$29,932	\$3,742	\$33,674
2 20,001-40,000	32,426	4,053	36,479
3 40,001-55,000	34,921	4,365	39,286
4 55,001-70,000	37,415	4,677	42,092
5 70,001-85,000	39,078	4,885	43,963
6 85,001-95,000	42,404	5,301	47,705
7 95,001-105,000	44,067	5,508	49,575
8 105,001-125,000	45,729	5,716	51,445
9 125,001-175,000	48,640	6,080	54,720
10 175,001-275,000	50,718	6,340	57,058
11 275,001-400,000	54,460	6,808	61,268
12 400,001-550,000	56,538	7,067	63,605
13 550,001-1 million	58,616	7,327	65,943
14 over 1 million	60,695	7,587	68,282

^{*} Clerks serving as Municipal Court Clerks and/or County Court Clerks receive additional compensation. Such clerks are entitled to an additional 25 percent of county paid compensation for serving as either the clerk of the municipal or county court.

^{**} This amount should be appropriated by the county
*** This amount is to be paid directly by the state

Table 5
Clerks of Courts*

New Class	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year County Paid Salary**	New 2001 Calendar Year State Paid Salary***	New 2001 Calendar Year Total Salary
1	1-20,000	\$33,399	\$4,175	\$37,574
2	20,001-35,000	35,969	4,496	40,465
3	35,001-55,000	38,537	4,817	43,354
4	55,001-95,000	45,389	5,674	51,063
5	95,001-200,000	52,240	6,530	58,770
6	200,001-400,000	58,234	7,279	65,513
7	400,001-1 million	62,516	7,815	70,331
8	over 1 million	64,704	8,088	72,792

^{*} Clerks serving as Municipal Court Clerks and/or County Court Clerks receive additional compensation. Such clerks are entitled to an additional 25 percent of county paid compensation for serving as either the clerk of the municipal or county court.

^{**} This amount should be appropriated by the county

^{***} This amount is to be paid directly by the state

Table 6

Coroner with a Private Practice

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$16,628
2 20,001-40,000	18,293
3 40,001-55,000	20,786
4 55,001-70,000	23,280
5 70,001-85,000	25,774
6 85,001-95,000	31,595
7 95,001-105,000	34,089
8 105,001-125,000	36,584
9 125,001-175,000	39,909
10 175,001-275,000	42,404
11 275,001-400,000	49,054
12 400,001-550,000	52,380
13 550,001-1 million	55,706
14 over 1 million	59,032

New 2001 Class Number	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year Salary
1	1-20,000	\$18,842
2	20,001-35,000	21,410
3	35,001-55,000	23,978
4	55,001-95,000	35,112
5	95,001-200,000	43,676
6	200,001- 400,000	53,951
7	400,001-1 million	60,803
8	over 1 million	64,451

Table 7

Coroner without a Private Practice

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	NA
2 20,001-40,000	NA
3 40,001-55,000	NA
4 55,001-70,000	NA
5 70,001-85,000	NA
6 85,001-95,000	NA
7 95,001-105,000	NA
8 105,001-125,000	NA
9 125,001-175,000	NA
10 175,001-275,000	\$95,815
11 275,001-400,000	95,815
12 400,001-550,000	95,815
13 550,001-1 million	95,815
14 over 1 million	95,815

New 2001 Class Number	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year Salary
1	1-20,000	NA
2	20,001-35,000	NA
3	35,001-55,000	NA
4	55,001-95,000	NA
5*	95,001-175,000	NA
5*	175,001- 200,000	\$98,689
6	200,001- 400,000	98,689
7	400,001-1 million	101,085
8	over 1 million	103,480

^{*} New Class 5 for Coroners without a Private Practice begins with a population of 175,001, unlike Class 5 for the other county elected officials. This difference is due to the fact that the law only allows coroners in counties with a population of 175,001 or more to have the option to earn a higher salary in exchange for forgoing a private practice.

Table 8
Engineers with a Private Practice

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$44,898
2 20,001-40,000	46,893
3 40,001-55,000	48,889
4 55,001-70,000	50,884
5 70,001-85,000	52,215
6 85,001-95,000	53,545
7 95,001-105,000	54,875
8 105,001-125,000	55,707
9 125,001-175,000	57,370
10 175,001-275,000	59,033
11 275,001-400,000	60,695
12 400,001-550,000	62,358
13 550,001-1 million	64,021
14 over 1 million	66,516

New 2001 Class Number	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year Salary
1	1-20,000	\$48,300
2	20,001-35,000	50,356
3	35,001-55,000	52,411
4	55,001-95,000	56,521
5	95,001-200,000	60,803
6	200,001-400,000	64,229
7	400,001-1 million	68,510
8	over 1 million	71,182

Table 9
Engineers without a Private Practice

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$64,694
2 20,001-40,000	66,690
3 40,001-55,000	68,686
4 55,001-70,000	70,681
5 70,001-85,000	72,011
6 85,001-95,000	73,342
7 95,001-105,000	74,672
8 105,001-125,000	75,503
9 125,001-175,000	77,166
10 175,001-275,000	78,829
11 275,001-400,000	80,492
12 400,001-550,000	82,155
13 550,001-1 million	83,818
14 over 1 million	86,312

New 2001 Class Number	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year Salary
1	1-20,000	\$68,691
2	20,001-35,000	70,746
3	35,001-55,000	72,801
4	55,001-95,000	76,912
5	95,001-200,000	81,193
6	200,001-400,000	84,619
7	400,001-1 million	88,901
8	over 1 million	91,568

Table 10

Prosecutor with a Private Practice

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$43,235
2 20,001-40,000	44,898
3 40,001-55,000	46,561
4 55,001-70,000	48,224
5 70,001-85,000	49,471
6 85,001-95,000	52,381
7 95,001-105,000	53,628
8 105,001-125,000	54,875
9 125,001-175,000	56,538
10 175,001-275,000	58,201
11 275,001-400,000	61,527
12 400,001-550,000	64,853
13 550,001-1 million	66,516
14 over 1 million	69,010

New 2001 Class Number	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year Salary
1	1-20,000	\$46,245
2	20,001-35,000	47,958
3	35,001-55,000	49,671
4	55,001-95,000	55,237
5	95,001-200,000	59,947
6	200,001-400,000	66,799
7	400,001-1 million	71,079
8	over 1 million	73,709

Table 11 **Prosecutors without Private Practice**

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year County Paid Salary	2000 Calendar Year State Reimbursed Salary*	2000 Calendar Year Total Salary**
1 1-20,000	\$63,285	\$13,366	\$76,651
2 20,001-40,000	63,950	12,701	76,651
3 40,001-55,000	70,364	15,869	86,233
4 55,001-70,000	71,029	15,204	86,233
5 70,001-85,000	95,815	NA	95,815
6 85,001-95,000	95,815	NA	95,815
7 95,001-105,000	95,815	NA	95,815
8 105,001-125,000	95,815	NA	95,815
9 125,001-175,000	95,815	NA	95,815
10 175,001-275,000	95,815	NA	95,815
11 275,001-400,000	95,815	NA	95,815
12 400,001-550,000	95,815	NA	95,815
13 550,001-1 million	95,815	NA	95,815
14 over 1 million	95,815	NA	95,815

^{*} This amount is reimbursed to the county
** This amount should be appropriated by the county

Table 12 **Prosecutors without Private Practice**

New Class	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year County Paid Salary	New 2001 Calendar Year State Reimbursed Salary*	New 2001 Calendar Year Total Salary**
1	1-20,000	\$65,869	\$13,083	\$78,952
2	20,001-35,000	72,476	16,345	88,821
3	35,001-55,000	73,161	15,660	88,821
4***	55,001-70,000	81,308	17,381	98,689
4***	70,001-95,000	98,689	NA	98,689
5	95,001-200,000	98,689	NA	98,689
6	200,001-400,000	98,689	NA	98,689
7	400,001-1 million	101,085	NA	101,085
8	over 1 million	103,480	NA	103,480

^{*} This amount is reimbursed to the county
** This amount should be appropriated by the county

^{***} Class 4 is broken into two categories for the prosecutors without private practice simply to show the reimbursement provided by the state for counties with a population of less than 70,001.

Table 13

Recorders

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$29,101
2 20,001-40,000	31,595
3 40,001-55,000	34,089
4 55,001-70,000	35,752
5 70,001-85,000	37,415
6 85,001-95,000	40,741
7 95,001-105,000	41,572
8 105,001-125,000	42,404
9 125,001-175,000	44,898
10 175,001-275,000	47,392
11 275,001-400,000	51,550
12 400,001-550,000	54,044
13 550,001-1 million	56,538
14 over 1 million	59,033

New 2001 Class Number	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year Salary
1	1-20,000	\$32,543
2	20,001-35,000	35,112
3	35,001-55,000	36,825
4	55,001-95,000	42,820
5	95,001-200,000	48,815
6	200,001-400,000	55,665
7	400,001-1 million	60,803
8	over 1 million	63,479

Table 14 Sheriffs

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year County Paid Salary	2000 Calendar Year State Reimbursed Salary*	2000 Calendar Year Total Salary**
1 1-20,000	\$37,172	\$4,647	\$41,819
2 20,001-40,000	39,666	4,958	44,624
3 40,001-55,000	42,160	5,270	47,430
4 55,001-70,000	43,824	5,478	49,302
5 70,001-85,000	47,737	5,967	53,704
6 85,001-95,000	49,401	6,175	55,576
7 95,001-105,000	51,063	6,383	57,446
8 105,001-125,000	52,727	6,591	59,318
9 125,001-175,000	55,636	6,955	62,591
10 175,001-275,000	62,216	7,777	69,993
11 275,001-400,000	64,296	8,037	72,333
12 400,001-550,000	69,699	8,712	78,411
13 550,001-1 million	71,778	8,972	80,750
14 over 1 million	73,857	9,232	83,089

^{*} This amount is reimbursed to the county
** This amount should be appropriated by the county

Table 15 Sheriffs

New Class	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year County Paid Salary	New 2001 Calendar Year State Reimbursed Salary*	New 2001 Calendar Year Total Salary**
1	1-20,000	\$40,855	\$5,107	\$45,962
2	20,001-35,000	43,425	5,428	48,853
3	35,001-55,000	45,139	5,642	50,781
4	55,001-95,000	52,595	6,574	59,169
5	95,001-200,000	64,082	8,010	72,092
6	200,001-400,000	71,790	8,974	80,764
7	400,001-1 million	76,073	9,509	85,582
8	over 1 million	78,279	9,785	88,064

^{*} This amount is reimbursed to the county
** This amount should be appropriated by the county

Table 16

Treasurers*

Class & Population Range	2000 Calendar Year Salary
1 1-20,000	\$29,932
2 20,001-40,000	32,426
3 40,001-55,000	34,921
4 55,001-70,000	37,415
5 70,001-85,000	39,078
6 85,001-95,000	42,404
7 95,001-105,000	44,067
8 105,001-125,000	45,729
9 125,001-175,000	48,640
10 175,001-275,000	50,718
11 275,001-400,000	54,460
12 400,001-550,000	56,538
13 550,001-1 million	58,617
14 over 1 million	60,695

New 2001 Class Number	New 2001 Population Range	New 2001 Calendar Year Salary
1	1-20,000	33,399
2	20,001-35,000	35,969
3	35,001-55,000	38,537
4	55,001-95,000	45,389
5	95,001-200,000	52,240
6	200,001-400,000	58,234
7	400,001-1 million	62,516
8	over 1 million	64,704

^{*} The 2000 Salary is paid until a new term of office begins on September 3, 2001; however, an individual appointed to this office after December 8, 2000, can accept the higher salary provided in the 2001 Calendar Year table. The 2001 Calendar Year schedule should be pro-rated for the remainder of the year, as will be the case for most treasurers beginning their new term of office on September 3, 2001.